



T-learning for Lifelong Learning: Combining Television with e-Learning

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Why Television?

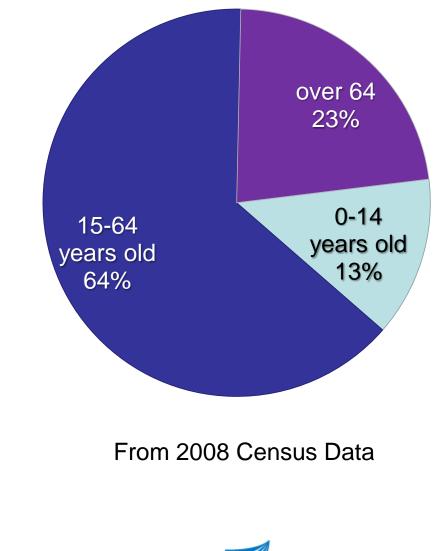
- 30 years ago, it was an innovative idea to teach via television
- Still it's a popular medium for pastime
- Almost everybody in Japan has access to television
 - > Good for passive learning
 - Sood for lifelong learning

The Need for Lifelong Learning

- Knowledge and information societies
- Aging societies
- Adapting to changes



Japan as an Aging Society



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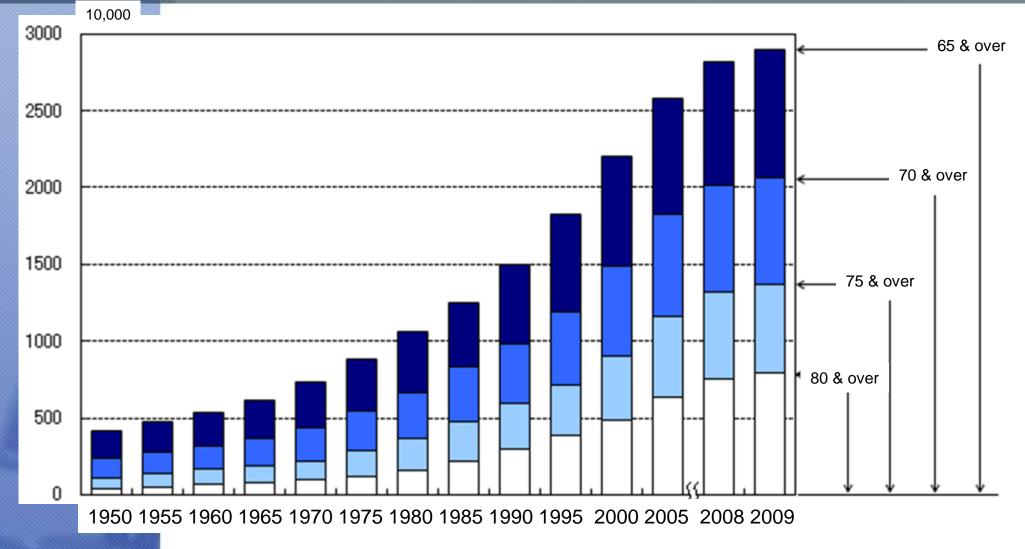
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Japan as an Aging Society





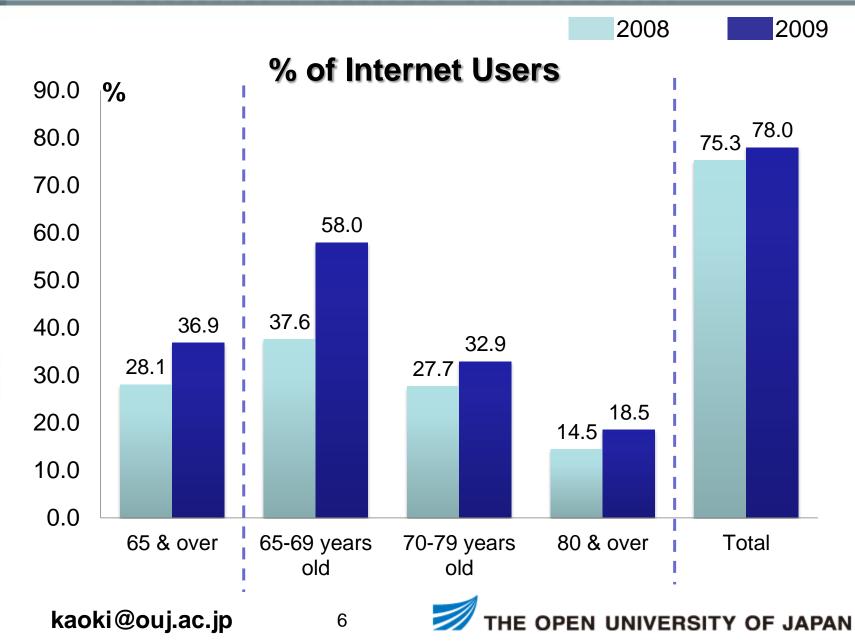
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Digital Divide in Japan

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The Open University of Japan (OUJ)

- Established in 1983
- Began its instruction via TV and radio broadcast in April 1985
- Former English name is "University of the Air"
- Only one university in the world that owns an independent TV station

The primary instructional delivery method is still TV and radio broadcasting



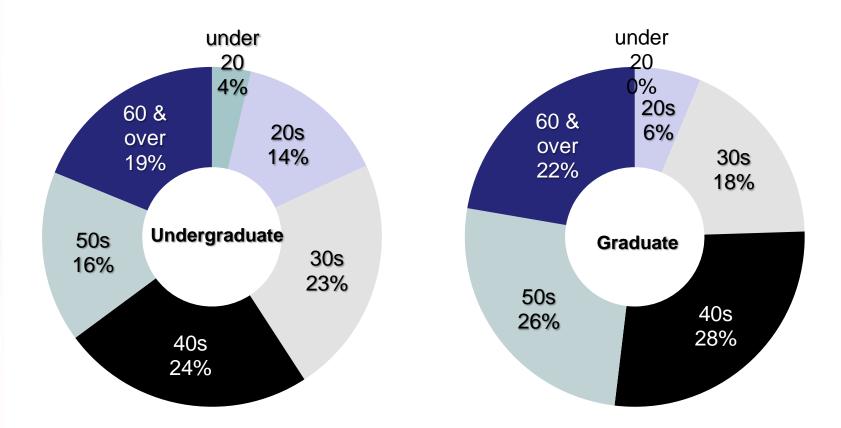
Mission of OUJ

- To provide working adults with a chance of lifelong university level education
- To provide an innovative and flexible system of university level education open to high school graduates
- To cooperate with existing universities and make full use of the latest scientific knowledge and new educational technologies in order to contribute to the improvement of the higher education system in Japan



OUJ Students (Age)

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Broadcast Programs at OUJ

Television Broadcasting

- Digital terrestrial broadcasting (only limited areas)
- Digital satellite broadcasting (nationwide)

Radio Broadcasting

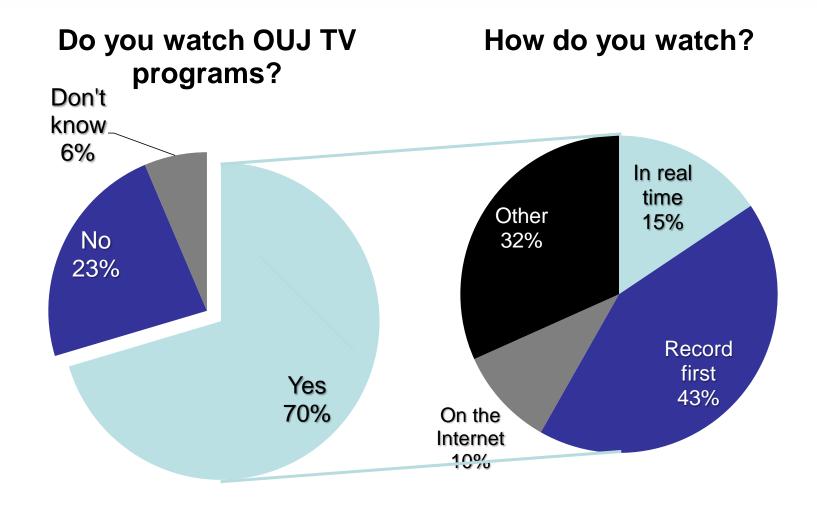
Digital terrestrial broadcasting

Internet Broadcasting

 Some television lecture programs and all the radio lecture programs are available on the Internet to the students

TV Programs Viewing by Students

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- Anybody who live in the area where the broadcasting signal can reach can view/listen to the programs for free
 - Social education
- In order to gain credits for the programs, a person has to enroll the course and take an exam
 - Formal education





Broadcast Programs at OUJ

One regular digital TV channel can carry:

- One high definition program
- Up to 3 regular definition programs

Have to fill the airtime by themselves

- Cannot sell/lease the airtime
- Have to produce all the programs

bottleneck for innovation ?!



Production of OUJ Programs

- No capability of live broadcasting
 - All the programs are pre-recorded
- Digital production

Del

- Started in 2006 when OUJ started digital terrestrial broadcasting
- Few programs take advantage of simultaneous data channels
- High picture quality
- Some programs utilize Chroma-key for backgrounds



Production of OUJ Programs

One course (2 credits) of OUJ TV programs

- 15 45-minute programs
 - Usually takes 3 years from the submission of the proposal to the actual broadcast

Course team for TV program production

- Chief lecturer(s) full-time OUJ faculty
 - + Guest lecturer(s)
- **Producer** OUJ staff
- **Director** OUJ staff or outside contractor

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Production of OUJ Programs



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OUJ Broadcast Programs

About 300 different programs (TV and radio) are broadcast annually

- Four times annually per program for 4 years (average)
 - 1st Semester (April July)
 - Summer intensive (August September)
 - 2nd Semester (October January)
 - Spring intensive (February March)

Average production cost of one TV program

1.6 million yen = US\$ 20,000

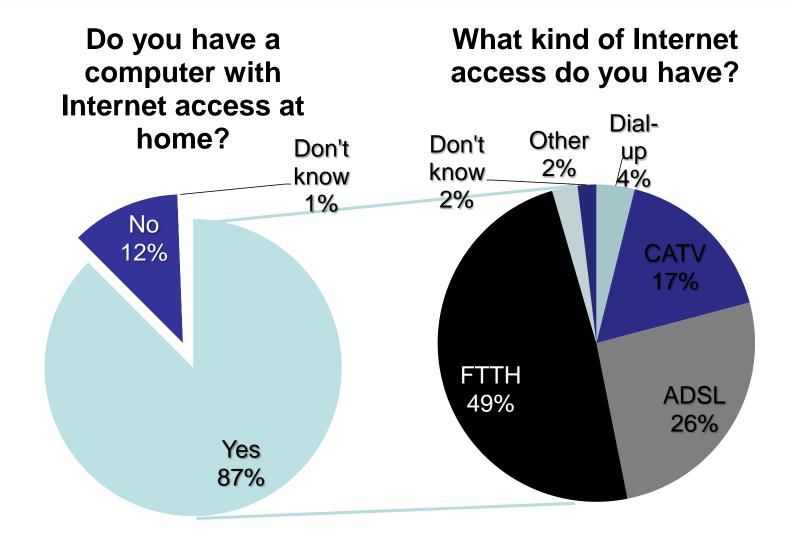
Internet Streaming of TV Programs

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OUJ Students' Internet Access

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Current Internet Use by OUJ

2 main functions

- 1. To make the university administration effective and efficient
 - System Wakaba
- 2. To facilitate communication between teachers and students or among students
 - Campus Network
 - Teachers can post announcements and students can have access to the supplemental instructional materials & some broadcast programs

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Limited use of forums

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Challenges of Education via Television

- Large budget for production and broadcasting
- Difficulty of frequently updating the content
- Lack of interactivity between teachers and students
- Lack of communication among students
- Difficulty of providing active learning activities
- Difficulty of linking with print materials
- Difficulty of formative assessment

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Convergence of TV and the Internet

What digital TV can do

- Limited Interactivity through remote control
 - Learners can take short quizzes
- Additional information sent through the data channel
 - Real-time presentation of audience responses

What video on the Internet can do

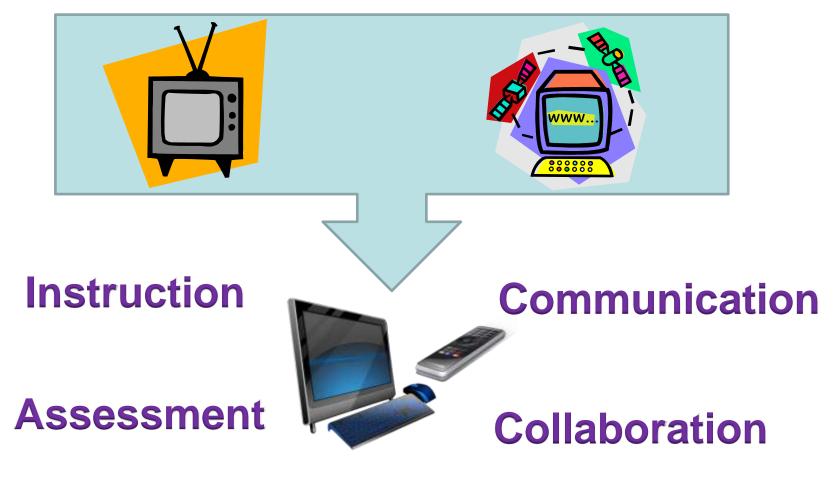
- Full-interactivity among the viewers
- Video quality still suffers
- Can link to forums or discussion boards



Convergence of TV and the Internet

Instruction

Communication



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Conclusion

- Next generation of TV/Internet may solve the problem of limited interactivity on TV and poor quality of video/audio on the Internet
- Organizational transformation and reevaluation of educational model are needed
- The effective usage of Internet in combination with digital TV is required



THANK YOU!

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